Digital Innovation in the future European Regional Development Fund Programmes

Katja Reppel
Deputy Head of Unit for Smart and
Sustainable Growth
DG Regional and Urban Policy

#CohesionPolicy #EUinmyRegion



Future Cohesion Policy Objectives

Total proposed ERDF/CF budget: EUR 262 billion



A smarter Europe (innovative & smart economic transformation)



Industrial capacities

Develop

solutions

Tech transfer



A greener, low-carbon Europe (including energy transition, the circular economy, climate adaptation and risk management)



A more connected Europe (mobility and ICT connectivity)



A more social Europe (the European Pillar of Social Rights)



A Europe closer to citizens (sustainable development of urban, rural and coastal areas and local initiatives)

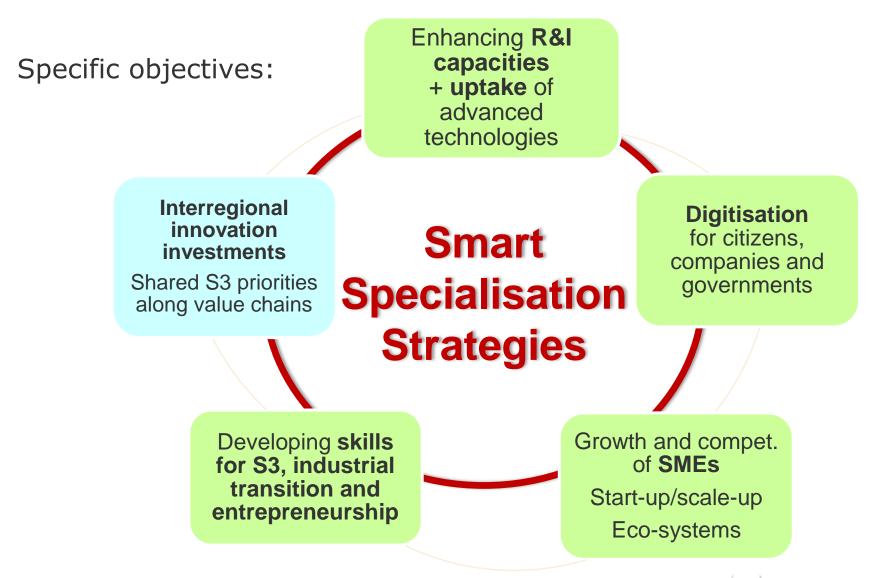
Horizontal issues:

- administrative capacity building
- cooperation outside the programme area

Deploy solutions in public &

private sector

Cohesion Policy Objective 1: A smarter Europe by promoting innovative and smart economic transformation





Smart Specialisation Fulfilment Criteria: designed to prepare ground for PO1 investments and complementarities

Bottlenecks for innovation diffusion & digitisation?

Enhancing R&I capacities + uptake of advanced technologies

Industrial transition?

Effective EDP?

Interregional innovation investments

Shared S3 priorities along value chains

Smart Specialisation Strategies

Digitisation for citizens, companies and governments

International collaboration?

Developing skills for S3, industrial transition and entrepreneurship

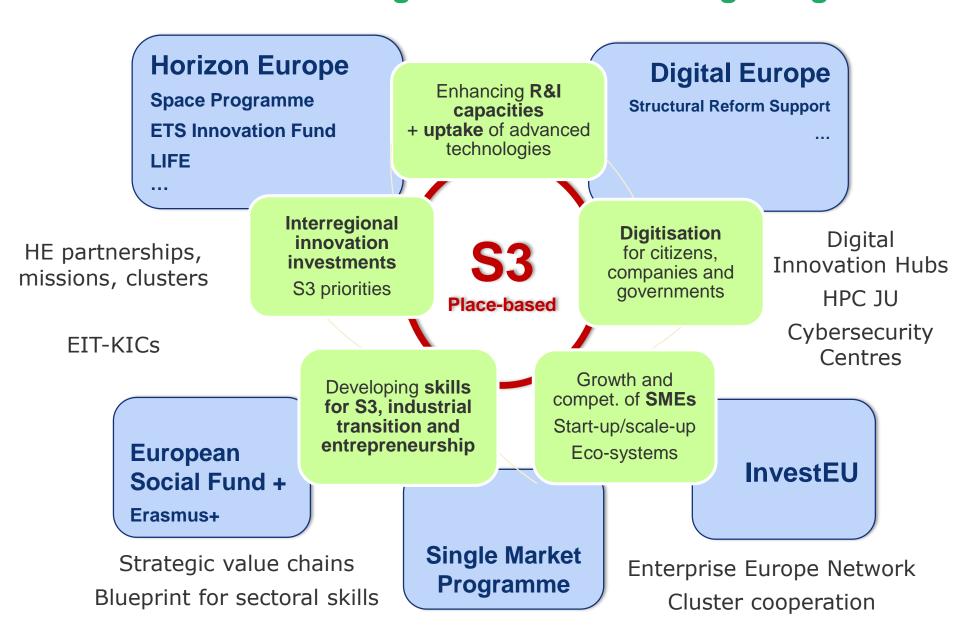
evaluation system? **Competent body** management Monitoring &

R&I system? Growth and compet. of SMEs

Start-up/scale-up **Eco-systems**

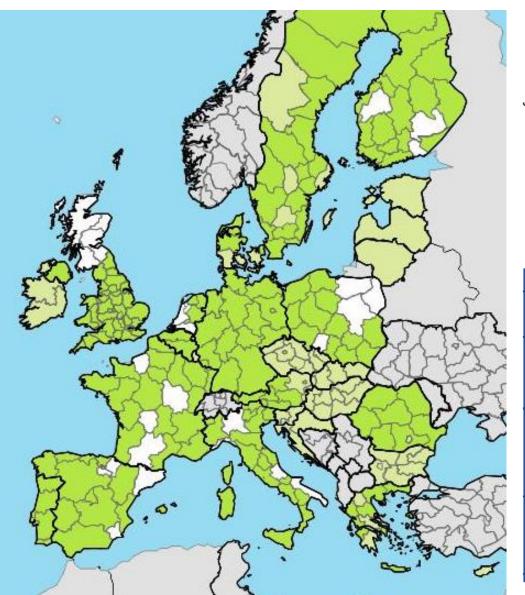


Complementarities ERDF – other EU programmes: Mutual involvement in governance for strategic alignment?



Digital R&I Smart Specialisation Priorities

are among the most frequent S3 priorities



Source: Eye@RIS3 database http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu/map





Regions in Industrial Transition



Development of a comprehensive strategy for economic transformation

- 10 regions & 2 countries selected via call for expression of interest
- Broad innovation and inclusive growth building on smart specialisation strategy
- Multi-sectoral focusing on jobs, industrial sectors, business models, economy and society as a whole
- Addressing globalisation, automation, decarbonisation, emerging and digital technologies, skills and investment
- Supported by experts, inter-DG teams
 & \(\bigcolor{\chi} \right) \(\text{OECD} \)



See: Fact-sheets: http://ec.europa.eu/regional-policy/en/information/publications/factsheets/2018/pilot-action-regions-in-industrial-transition

Brochure: https://ec.europa.eu/regional-policy/sources/docgener/brochure/Industrial-transition-no-region-left-behind-en.pdf

Embedding Digital in S3 strategies:

Business digitisation & e-commerce

Integration of digital technology covers (a) 'business digitisation' and (b) 'e-commerce'.

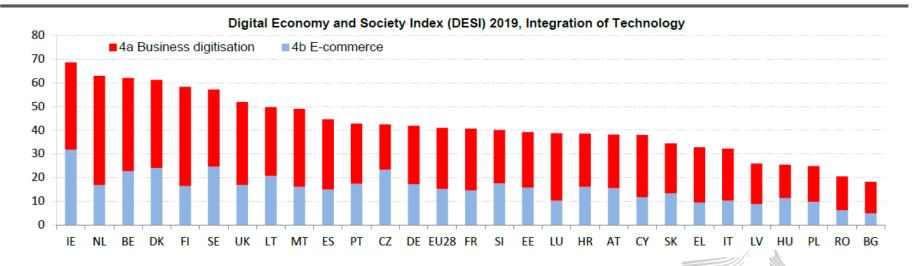
'Business digitisation' has four indicators (as the % of enterprises using): electronic information sharing, social media, big data analysis and cloud solutions.

e-Commerce includes three indicators: the percentage of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) selling online, e-commerce turnover as a percentage of total turnover of SMEs, and the percentage of SMEs selling online cross-border.

Integration of Digital Technologies indicators in DESI 2019	EU
4a1 Electronic information sharing	34%
% enterprises	2017
4a2 Social media	21%
% enterprises	2017
4a3 Big data	12%
% enterprises	2018
4a4 Cloud	18%
% enterprises	2018
4b1 SMEs selling online	17%
% SMEs	2018
4b2 e-Commerce turnover	10%
% SME turnover	2018
4b3 Selling online cross-border	8%
% SMEs	2017

European

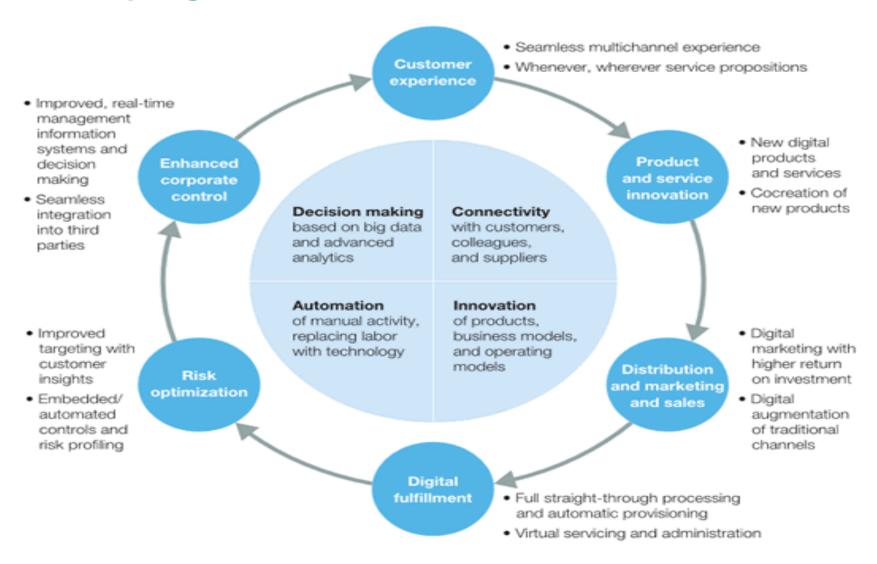
Commission



Source: DESI 2019 https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/desi

Embedding Digital in S3 strategies:

Deep digital transformation needed



Source: Expert interviews; McKinsey analysis

Scope of support from the future ERDF

- ✓ Investments in infrastructure, equipment
- ✓ Software and intangible assets
- ✓ Productive investments in SMEs
- ✓ Investments in access to services
- ✓ Linked direct & indirect staff cost
- ✓ Information, communication, studies, networking, cooperation, exchange of experience and activities involving clusters
- ✓ Productive investments in enterprises other than SMEs when they involve cooperation with SMEs in R&I capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies under PO1 Smart Growth (a) (i)
- ✓ Training, life-long learning and education activities under PO1 (a) (iv);
- ✓ Sharing of facilities and of human resources, soft investments and other activities linked to PO 4 under the ESF+, under the European territorial cooperation goal (Interreg).
- ✓ Technical assistance

DIHs could be:

- buying equipment, infrastructure, software, for construction & upgrading, cluster participation, etc.
- ➤ ERDF
 intermediary for
 providing SMEs
 with digitalisation &
 tech.transfer
 services, vouchers,
 training, etc.

Not possible:

Operating cost
(except in the EU outermost regions)



See: Art. 4 proposed ERDF/CF Regulation, Art 50 CPR and State aid rules on eligible costs

Questions and Answers

