

Wine Growing in Natura 2000 in Slovenia

Robert Gorjak, dipWSET

JOINT MANAGEMENT OF EUROPEAN NATURE: NATURA 2000 AND NATURE RESTORATION AS AN OPPORTUNITY,

Bruxelles, 27th November 2025



Global Challenges Facing Winegrowing

Climate change

- 2024: lowest global wine production since 1961
- 40°C summers in Chablis/Champagne; more frost and drought
- Irrigation-dependent regions question long-term viability
- Variety shift in place (PIWI, Bordeaux)

Consumption decline

- Regulatory pressure: WHO narrative affects perception consumption in decline
- Generation shift



Sustainability: Often Misunderstood

- UN: "meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."
- Sustainability ≠ organic certification
- Environmental + social + economic pillars
- Logistics, bottle weight, fair paid labour ...
 - EXAMPLE: Bulk shipping: CO₂ efficient but can be socially questionable

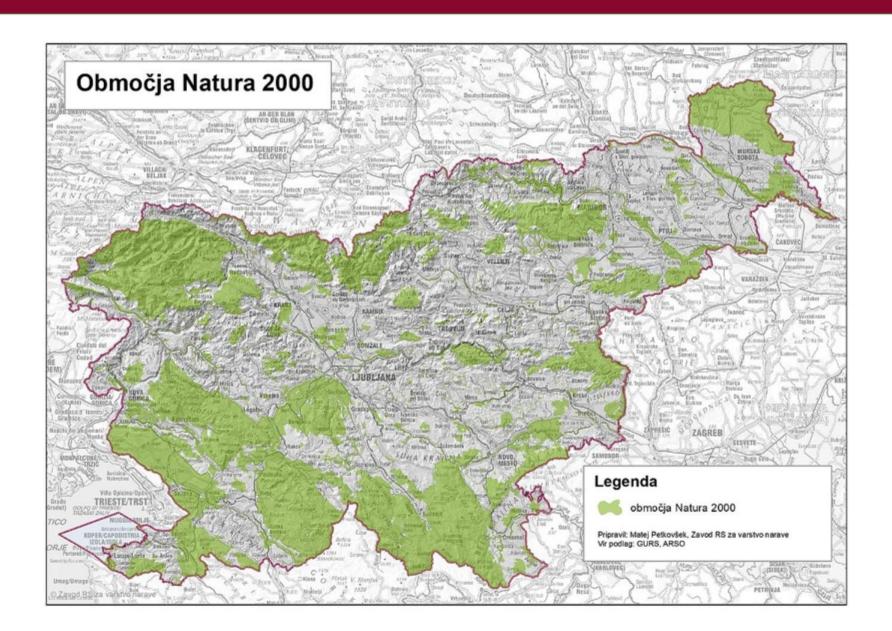


Five Viticultural Approaches

- Conventional relies on synthetic inputs and prioritises stability and yield.
- IPM Integrated Pest Management reduces chemical use through monitoring and threshold-based decisions. Through KOPOP in Slovenia
- Organic bans synthetic products and careful disease control(more tractor passes!)
- Biodynamic follows organic rules plus specific following cosmic and planet rhythm creating holistic ecosystem approach.
- Regenerative focuses on soil restoration, biodiversity and long-term vineyard resilience.

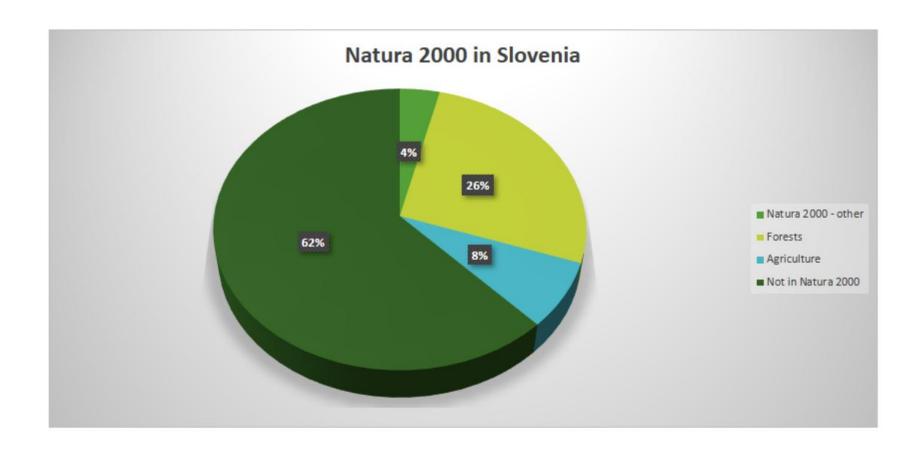
Slovenia: Natura 2000 surface







Slovenia: Natura 2000 coverage





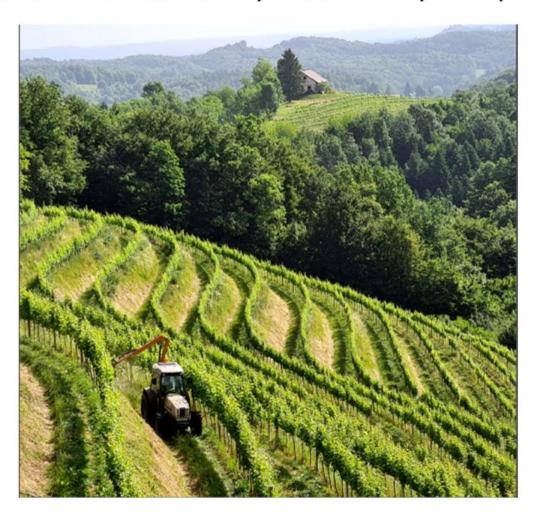
Slovenia: Fragmentation as an Advantage

- 22,000 growers; avg. vineyard
 0.32 ha
- Mosaic landscape supports biodiversity
- 38% of Slovenia in Natura 2000
- Vineyards = 0.3% of Natura habitats → no extra restrictions





Slovenia: Biodiveristy on every step



Slovenia: Biodiveristy on every step



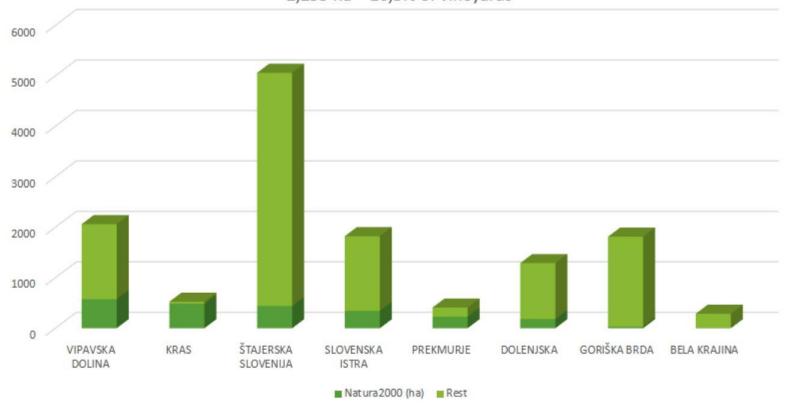






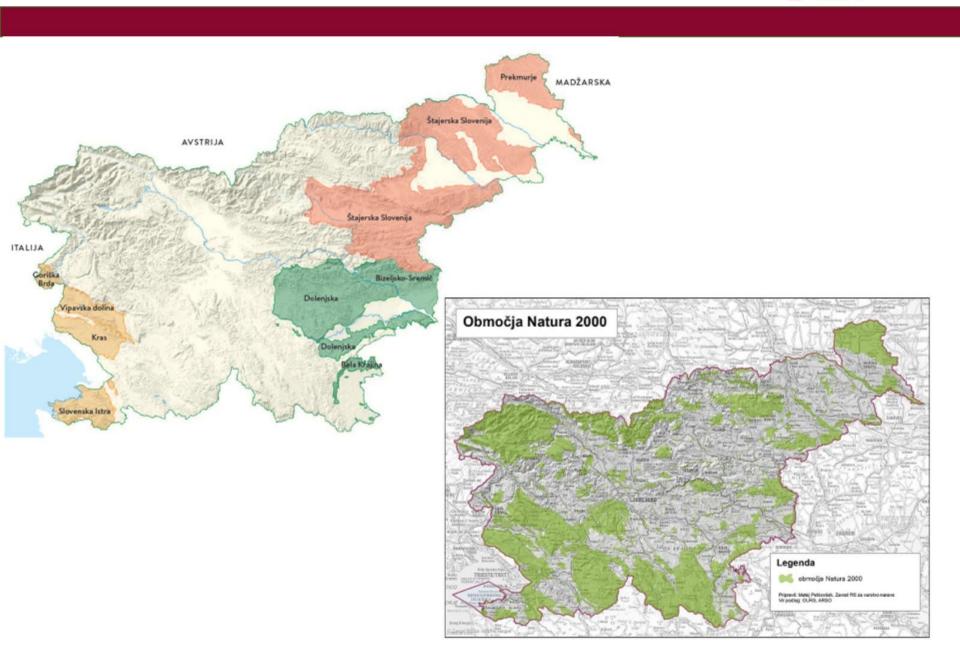
Slovenia: Natura 2000 by Wine Districts





Slovenija, a Wine and Natura 2000 Country







Case Study Marof



foto: Marijan Močivnik • www.studio-ajd.si • www.marijanmocivnik.com



Case Study - Marof

- All vineyards in Natura 2000
- Permanent cover, no herbicides
- An apiary next to the vineyard boosts pollinator activity
- Insecticide only for grapevine yellows
- Before intensive agriculture, nature and farming were more in balance.
- "Soil is everything" Uroš Valcl



foto: Marijan Močivník • www.studio-ajd.si • www.marijanmocivník.com

Conclusions



- Natura 2000 and high-quality winemaking are not opposing, quite the opposite
- resilient vineyards will come from resilient ecosystems
- Living soils and biodiversity are keys!

