



Microcredentials as a Bridge between Education and the Labour Market

Practical Experiences from the Business Sector and the Role of Chambers in Shaping the Future of Knowledge

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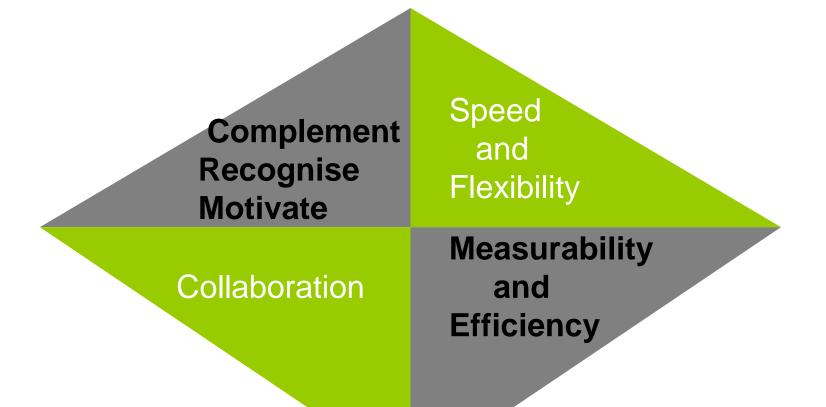
1. Why Microcredentials Now?

- The global labour market is undergoing radical changes:
 - >85 million jobs will disappear by 2028, while >97 million new ones are emerging (WEF)
 - Europe is lagging behind Asia and the USA in developing future skills
- New knowledge is needed faster, more targeted, and flexibly
- Microcredentials (MC) = immediate response to new needs



and Industry of Slovenia

2. What Does Business Want?





3. Comparing Skills: EU vs. the World

- Digital skills (Eurostat, 2024):
 - EU: 54% of adults with basic digital skills
 - USA: 73%, South Korea: 78%, China 85%
- Entrepreneurial skills among youth (OECD, 2023):
 - EU: 39%, China: 58%, USA: 65%
- Europe risks losing competitiveness (Codefop 2024):
 - Less then 20% EU companies use MC



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4. What Does CCIS (GZS) say?

- We support microcredentials, if they are:
 - Developed in partnership with the business sector
 - Focused on practical, usable skills
 - Flexible and modular
- We stress:
 - The law should foresee a formal role for business in content preparation
 - Microcredentials should be truly useful, not just formal



5. What Does Eurochambres say?

Microcredentials:

- 1) Should be voluntary and market-relevant
- 2) Do not replace but complement qualifications
- 3) Must involve employers and chambers in:
 - Co-design
 - Governance
 - Quality assurance
- 4) Actual Skills and Competences
- 5) Avoiding overregulation
- 6) Upskilling, reskilling and reintegrate



6. How Companies Already Use Microcredentials

Examples from practice:

- HR development: internal upskilling
- Promotion system: microcredentials as criteria
- Motivation: recognising informal skills
- Reword system: self-growth& lifelong learning

Examples from a Slovenian companies.



7. Our vision – CCIS (GZS) Proposal

- **1.Long-term partnerships** with universities and the government (EU vs. national)
- 2.Inclusion of the Chambres=Business sector in content development and evaluation
- 3.Microcredentials as a strategic tool for future talent
- 4.EU Microcredntials=Single market approach



8. Conclusion

- Microcredentials should become a bridge, not a wall between knowledge and application
- Key condition: co-creation with the business sector
- Message to policymakers: "Listen to companies – otherwise the market will turn to other (private) tools"



"Knowledge is power. But applicable knowledge, recognised and understood by business – that is the true power of the future."

Thank you for your attention.

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